

Bible History Catechism

Old Testament History

(The Unfolding of God's Covenant Promise)

Workbook

Seniors

Book 1 of 2

Originally by **Rev. John A. Heys**

Adapted by **J.J. Lim**

Owner: _____

Bible History Catechism - Old Testament History (Seniors - Book 1/2)

Originally by Rev John A. Heys

Adapted by J.J. Lim

Original version by Rev John A. Heys is property of the Protestant Reformed Churches of America

J.J. Lim edited version © 2010 by Pilgrim Covenant Church.

E-published by Gratia Dei Sola Media

Blk 203B, Henderson Road, #07-07, Singapore 159546.

Website: www.gdsmedia.org

Email: gdsmedia.sg@gmail.com

All rights reserved

Lesson 1

God Creates All Things

1. Consulting *WCF** 4.1, fill in the missing blanks:

"It pleased God the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, for the manifestation of the _____ of His eternal _____, _____, and _____, in the _____, to _____, or make of _____, the _____, and _____ things therein whether _____ or _____, in the space of _____ days; and all very _____"

2. Consulting *WLC* 17, fill in the missing blanks:

"After God had made all other creatures, he created _____ and _____; formed the body of the _____ of the _____ of the ground, and the _____ of the _____ of the man, endued them with living, _____, and _____; made them after his _____, in _____, _____, and _____; having the _____ of God written in their _____, and _____ to fulfil it, and _____ over the creatures; yet subject to _____."

2. What does Psalm 33:6 and Hebrews 11:3 teach us concerning the way that God created the world?

3. Fill in the missing words: "The LORD hath made _____ for himself: yea, even the _____ for the day of evil" (Proverbs 16:4).

4. Complete these verses:

a. Genesis 2:18, "And the Lord God said, It is not good that the man should be alone;

_____."

b. Genesis 2:24, "Therefore shall a man leave his father and mother, and shall cleave unto his wife:

_____."

5. In both Genesis 2:9 and Revelation 2:7, the _____ is mentioned.

6. Look up Genesis 1:5, 8, 13, 19, 23, 31. Is it true that each one of the six days of creation week was limited by evening and morning: _____. What does this show us about the theory of evolution, or the doctrine of theistic evolution (that God created the world through the process of evolution)? _____

* *WCF* – Westminster Confession of Faith, *WLC* - Westminster Larger Catechism, *WSC* – Westminster Shorter Catechism, *FITB* – Fill in the blanks

Lesson 2

The Gospel Promise

1. Look up John 8:44, and then finish these sentences:
(a) From the beginning the devil was a _____. (b) He abode not in the truth because _____.
_____. (c) He is the father of _____.
2. Underline the names that the devil is called in this verse: "And the great dragon was cast out, that old serpent, called the Devil, and Satan, which deceiveth the whole world:..." (Revelation 12:9).
3. Look up Romans 5:12, and fill in the blanks: (a) Sin entered into the world by _____. (b) And so death passed upon _____.
4. Consulting the *Westminster Larger Catechism*, fill in the following blanks:
WLC 25. Wherein consisteth the sinfulness of that estate whereinto man fell?
A. The sinfulness of that estate whereinto man fell, consisteth in the _____ of _____ first sin, the want of that _____ wherein he was created, and the _____ of his nature, whereby he is _____ indisposed, _____, and made opposite unto all that is spiritually _____, and wholly _____ to all evil, and that _____; which is commonly called _____, and from which do proceed all _____ transgressions.
WLC 26. How is original sin conveyed from our first parents unto their posterity?
A. Original sin is conveyed from our first parents unto their posterity by _____, so as all that proceed from them in that way are _____ and _____ in _____.
5. Underline the names of the seed of the serpent, or what the Lord calls them in the following verses [see Q. 9 in catechism book]:
(a) "But the men of Sodom were wicked and sinners before the Lord exceedingly" (Gen 13:13).
(b) "Depart from me, ye evildoers: for I will keep the commandments of my God" (Ps 119:115). (c) "Know ye not your own selves, how that Jesus Christ is in you, except ye be reprobates" (2 Cor 13:5b). (d) "Be ye not unequally yoked together with unbelievers: for what fellowship hath righteousness with unrighteousness? and what communion hath light with darkness?" (2 Cor 6:14).
(e) "O generation of vipers, how can ye, being evil, speak good things?" (Mt 12:34).
(f) "Ye serpents, ye generation of vipers, how can ye escape the damnation of hell?" (Mt 23:33).
6. Underline the names of the seed of the woman in the following verses:
(a) "That the sons of God saw the daughters of men that they were fair..." (Gen 6:2). (b) "And except those days should be shortened, there should no flesh be saved: but for the elect's sake those days shall be shortened" (Mt 24:22). (c) "... And the disciples were called Christians first in Antioch" (Acts 11:26). (d) "Paul, an apostle of Jesus Christ by the will of God, to the saints which are at Ephesus, and to the faithful in Christ Jesus" (Eph 1:1).

Lesson 3

The Development of Sin

1. *FITB*: “Not as Cain, who was of that _____, and _____ his brother. And wherefore slew he him? Because his own works were _____, and his brother’s _____” (1 John 3:12).
2. Base on the above answer:
 - a. T / F — Cain’s works show that he was of the seed of the serpent.
 - b. T / F — Abel’s works show that he was of the seed of the serpent.
3. *FITB*: “By _____ Abel offered unto God a more _____ than Cain, by which he _____ that he was _____, _____ testifying of his gifts: and by it he being dead yet _____.” (Hebrews 11:4).
4. Look up the answer to **WLC** 136 and list 6 ways in which murder may be committed:
(a) _____; (b) _____; (c) _____;
(d) _____; (e) _____; (f) _____.
5. Look up Genesis 4:25, and write out the reason why Eve called her third son Seth:

6. *FITB*: “[a] The sacrifice of the _____ is an abomination to the LORD: but [2] the prayer of the _____ is his delight” (Prov 15:8).
7. *FITB* about Enoch: (a) Enoch _____ (Gen 5:24a). (b) And he was not, for God _____ (Gen 5:24b). (c) “By faith Enoch was _____ that he should not see _____; and was not found, because God had translated him: for before his translation he had this testimony, that _____” (Heb 11:5). (d) “And Enoch also, the seventh from Adam, _____, saying, Behold, the Lord cometh with _____, to execute judgment upon all...” (Jude 14, 15)
8. *FITB* from the Article 2 of the 3rd and 4th Heads of Doctrine of the Canons of Dort: “Man after the fall begat children in his own likeness. A corrupt _____ produced a corrupt _____. Hence _____ the posterity of Adam, _____ only excepted, have derived _____ from their original _____, not by _____ as the Pelagians of old asserted, but by the propagation of a vicious _____.”

Lesson 4

Salvation in the Ark

1. *FITB*: “And he called his name _____, saying, This same shall _____ us concerning our work and toil of our hands, because of the _____ which the LORD hath _____.” (Gen 5:29).
2. T / F — Before the flood it had rained upon the face of the earth (see Gen 2:5, 6).
3. In Matthew 24:37-39, the Lord Jesus speaks of His second coming at the end of time to judge the world. Circle the statements below that are true:
 - a. In that day the wicked will be looking for Jesus.
 - b. In that day the wicked will be taken by surprise.
 - c. In that day the wicked will be joyful and live as though the world will continue forever.
4. T / F — Noah and his family were saved by water and in the ark (see 1 Pet 3:20).
5. *FITB*: “Of every _____ beast thou shalt take to thee by _____, the _____ and his _____: and of beasts that are _____ by _____, the male and his female. Of fowls also of the air by _____, the male and the female; to keep _____ alive upon the face of all the _____” (Gen 7:2-3).
6. According to Genesis 8:20, what did Noah do with the clean beasts?

7. Look up Genesis 9:13-16, and fill in these blanks:
 - a. The rainbow will be seen when God brings _____.
 - b. When God puts the rainbow in the sky, He will remember _____.
8. Fill in the blanks in the following statements:
 - a. “And I, behold, I establish my _____ with _____, and with your _____ after you” (Gen 9:9)
 - b. God established His _____ with Noah.
 - c. God established this covenant with Noah and with _____.
 - d. According to Acts 2:39, God’s promise is to us and to our _____.
9. Look up 2 Peter 3:10-12, and fill in the missing words in these sentences:
 - a. The Lord Jesus will come as a _____ in the _____.
 - b. This time He will destroy the world, not by a flood of water but by _____.

Lesson 5

The reappearance of Sin

1. *FITB*: “Wine is a _____, strong drink is _____: and whosoever is deceived thereby is not _____” (Proverbs 20:1).
2. *FITB*: “And be not _____ with _____, wherein is excess; but be _____ with the _____” (Ephesians 5:18).
3. Read Genesis 9:25 and Genesis 10:6, 19, and then indicate whether these statements are true or false:
 - a. T / F — Noah cursed Canaan the son of Ham.
 - b. T / F — The descendants of Canaan dwelt in Sodom and Gomorrah.
4. *FITB*: The leader of the sinful movement to build the tower of Babel was _____. The beginning of his kingdom was _____, _____, Accad and Calneh (Gen 10:8-10).
5. Babel means confusion. The city was called Babel because “the LORD did there _____ of all the earth” (Gen 11:9).
6. Fill in the blanks from the texts indicated:
 - a. “... and thou [Abraham] shalt be a father of _____ nations” (Genesis 17:4).
 - b. “And in thy [Abraham’s] seed shall _____ nations of the earth be blessed” (Genesis 22:18).
 - c. “... for thou [Lord Jesus] wast slain, and hast redeemed us to God by thy blood out of _____ kindred, and tongue, and people, and nation” (Rev 5:9).
7. In the light of your answer to question 6, answer:
T / F — The Church of God is gathered out of all nations of the world.
8. In Daniel 2:34-35, the kingdom of Christ is pictured as a stone that is cut out of the mountain:
 - a. This stone is cut out without _____.
 - b. It grew and became a _____.
 - c. It then _____ the _____.

Lesson 6

The Call of Abraham

1. Abraham was ____ years old when he departed out of Haran (See Gen 12:4). Sarah was ____ years younger than Abraham (see Gen 17:17), so she was ____ years old then.
2. In Acts 7:5, we read: “And he [God] gave him [Abraham] none inheritance in it, no, not so much as to _____: yet he _____ that he would give it to him for a possession, and to his seed after him, when as yet he had no child”
3. When Abraham was 86 years old, _____ bare _____ to him (See Gen 16:16).
4. a. Melchizedek was a Canaanite who was a believer. He was _____ of _____ and _____ of _____ (See Gen 14:18).
b. T / F — There were priests of God in the Old Testament times before the tabernacle was built by Moses.
5. a. God blessed Abraham in Canaan and made him to be rich in _____ in _____ and in _____ (See Gen 13:2).
a. T / F — These kinds of treasures last forever (See Mt 6:19).
b. T / F — There is a treasure that God’s people keep forever (See Mt 6:20).
c. T / F — Only because Abraham was rich toward God were these material things a blessing to him (See Luke 12:20, 21).
6. Of the cities where Lot went to dwell we read, “But the men of Sodom were _____ and _____ before the LORD _____” (Gen 13:13).
7. a. Of Lot we read in 2 Peter 2:8, that he “_____ his righteous soul from day to day with their _____ deeds.”
a. T / F — Lot knew that he was dwelling in a wicked city.
b. T / F — Lot’s conscience bothered him in this wicked city.
c. T / F — Lot was a God-fearing man.
8. “Abraham begat _____, and circumcised him the eighth day; and Isaac begat _____; and Jacob begat the twelve _____” (Acts 7:8). In this verse the twelve sons of Jacob are called the twelve _____.
9. In 2 Chronicles 20:7 and in James 2:23, Abraham is called the _____.
10. *FITB*: “But thou, _____, art my servant, _____ whom I have chosen, the seed of Abraham my _____” (Isa 41:8).

Lesson 7

The Covenant as Established with Abraham

1. Look up Acts 7:2, Romans 4:1, and James 2:21. In all these verses, Abraham is called our _____.
2. In Genesis 21:9 we read, "And Sarah saw the son of Hagar the Egyptian, which she had born unto Abraham, _____." In Galatians 4:29, the apostle Paul explains this by stating that "But as then he that was born after the flesh [Ishmael] _____ him that was born after the Spirit [Isaac], even so it is now."
3. God said to Abraham, "...in all that Sarah hath said unto thee, hearken unto her voice; for in _____" (Gen 21:12).
4. In Hebrews 11:13, we read that Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob "...confessed that they were _____ and _____ on the _____."
5. Abraham sought a believing wife for Isaac, and Paul says in 2 Corinthians 6:14, "Be ye not _____ yoked together with _____: for what fellowship hath _____ with _____? and what communion hath _____ with _____."
6. In John 1:29 John the Baptist says of the Lord Jesus, "Behold the _____ of _____, which taketh away the _____ of the _____."
7. Stephen says in Acts 7:17 that when Abraham's seed was in Egypt, "the people _____ and _____ in Egypt." In Genesis 22:17 God told Abraham that his seed would multiply to be as the _____ of the _____ and as the _____ which is upon the _____.
8. T / F — The promise which God gave to Abraham was to many seeds (see Gal 3:16).
9. Galatians 3:16 teaches us that the seed of Abraham to whom the promise is given is _____.
10. *FITB*: "The _____ of the LORD is with them that _____ him; and he will shew them his _____" (Ps 25:14).

Lesson 8

The Covenant People Multiplies

1. *FITB*: “The Fall brought upon mankind the loss of _____ with God, His _____ and _____; so as we are by _____ children of _____, bond _____ to _____, and justly liable to all _____ in this world, and that which is to come” (*WLC* 27).
2. The Lord Jesus says in John 3:6, “That which is _____ of the _____ is _____; and that which is _____ of the _____ is _____.”
3. a. *FITB*: “(For the _____ being not yet _____, neither having done any _____ or _____, that the purpose of God according to _____ might stand, not of _____, but of him that calleth;) It was said unto her, The elder shall serve the younger” (Rom 9:11-12).
b. T / F — God elects us before we can do good or evil.
c. T / F — We are not elected until we are born.
d. T / F — The elect are called unto salvation.
4. The fact that _____ married heathen wives, was a _____ of mind to _____ and to _____ (See Gen 26:34, 35).
5. In Genesis 28:13-15, God promised Jacob:
 - a. “...the _____ whereon thou liest, to thee will I _____ it, and to thy _____;...”
 - b. “...And thy seed shall be as the _____ of the _____...”
 - c. “...I am _____, and will _____ thee...”
 - d. “... I will not _____ thee...”
6. Jacob said to his wives, “...but God _____ [i.e. permitted] him [Laban] not to _____ me” (Gen 31:7).
7. List the twelve sons of Jacob as found in Exodus 1:1-6, and memorise them:
(1) _____, (2) _____, (3) _____, (4) _____, (5) _____, (6) _____,
(7) _____, (8) _____, (9) _____, (10) _____, (11) _____,
(12) _____.
8. Look up Q 114 in the Heidelberg Catechism, and fill in the following blanks:
 - a. The holiest of men have only a _____ of obedience.
 - b. Yet so with sincere resolution they begin to live, not only according to _____, but _____ the _____ of God.
 - c. Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob had only a _____ beginning of obedience.

Lesson 9

The Covenant People in Egypt's Bondage

1. Joseph's brothers were moved with _____ to sell him into Egypt (Acts 7:9).
2. a. *FITB*: "But as for you, ye thought _____ against me; but God meant it unto _____, to bring to pass, as it is this day, to _____ much people _____" (Gen 50:20).
b. T / F — God uses the evil intentions of men for the good of His people.
c. T / F — Evil men are able to keep God from doing good to His people.
3. a. *FITB*: "And we _____ that _____ things work together for _____ to them that _____ God, to them who are the _____ according to his purpose" (Rom 8:28).
b. Those who love God are the _____ according to His purpose.
c. The one who works all things together for good is _____.
4. Read Genesis 45:7, and then fill in these sentences:
a. The one who sent Joseph to Egypt was _____.
b. Joseph was sent unto Egypt to _____ for the church a posterity in the _____.
c. He was sent to save their lives by a _____.
5. In Genesis 44:16, Judah calls himself and his brothers Joseph's _____. He calls Joseph their _____. He said that it was impossible for them to clear themselves because God had _____ out their _____.
6. Look up Genesis 15:13, and answer these questions:
a. God told Abraham that the Israelites would be afflicted in a land that is _____.
b. They would be afflicted there for _____ years.
c. This land, according to Exodus 1:8-11, was the land of _____.
7. Read Genesis 50:13, and then finish these sentences:
a. Jacob was buried in the land of _____, in the field of _____.
b. His dead body was carried there by his _____.
c. Abraham bought this piece of land for a _____ of a _____-place.
8. a. Joseph said to the children of Israel, "... and ye shall carry up my _____ from _____" (Gen 50:25).
b. T / F — We expect our bodies to be raised from the dead and to enter into the heavenly Canaan when Christ returns.
c. T / F — We are taught here by Jacob's and Joseph's examples to have our dead bodies buried rather than cremated.

Lesson 10

Deliverance through the Red Sea

1. Exodus 1:7 says that in Egypt, “the children of Israel were _____, and _____, and waxed exceeding _____; and the land was _____ with them.”
2. But according to Exodus 1:14, 22, a later Pharaoh made the lives of the Israelites bitter with _____. Moreover, He commanded all his people to cast every son into the _____.
3. Moses' father and mother were both of the tribe of _____ (Exodus 2:1). They hid Moses for _____ (Exodus 2:2).
4. T / F — Moses was given the name ‘Moses’ by his parents (See Ex 2:10).
5. At the burning bush God called Himself _____ (Ex 3:13, 14).
6. T / F — The fourth plague fell on the land of Goshen where the Israelites dwelt (See Ex 8:21, 22).
7. a. *FITB*: “For even _____ our _____ is _____ for us” (1 Cor 5:7b).
b. T / F — The Lord Jesus is called our passover because He died in our place.
c. T / F — Because of the Lord Jesus' death the angel of God's wrath passes over us also today, so that we are not destroyed in God's wrath.
d. T / F — According to Romans 1:6, the gospel of Christ is only for the Jews.
8. *FITB*: “Fear ye not, stand still, and see the _____ of the _____, ...The LORD shall _____ for you, and ye shall hold your _____” (Ex 14:13-14).
9. There is growth in the Church of God here on earth. Look up the verses and indicate this growth in the following sentences:
 - a. The Church delivered by the Flood numbered _____ souls. (See 1 Pet 3:20).
 - b. The Church that entered Egypt numbered _____ souls (See Gen 46:27).
 - c. The Church that left Egypt numbered _____ men, beside women, children and a mixed multitude (See Ex 12:37, 38).
10. *FITB*: “I am the LORD thy God, which have brought thee out of the land of _____, out of the _____ of _____.” (Ex 20:2).
11. This deliverance through the Red Sea is the second great victory that God gave to His Church. The first great victory was the deliverance from _____ (See Lesson 4).

Lesson 11

Rebellion in the Wilderness

1. *FITB*: "That is, They which are the children of the _____, these are _____ the children of God: but the children of the _____ are counted for the _____" (Rom 9:8).
2. Look up 1 Corinthians 10:6, and then complete these sentences:
 - a. The Israelites lusted after _____.
 - b. When God overthrew them in the wilderness this was for our _____, to warn us against doing as they did.
 - c. In 1 John 2:16, we are warned against the lust of the _____, the lust of the _____, and the _____ of life.
3. At Elim Israel found twelve _____ and seventy _____ (Ex 15:27).
4. T / F — The Israelites wished that they had died in Egypt (see Ex 16:3).
5. Look up Exodus 16:20, and circle the statement or statements which are true:
Those who gathered more manna than they could eat in one day found the next day that:
 - a. It was full of worms.
 - b. It had melted and disappeared.
 - c. It was still good to eat.
6. *FITB*: "And did all drink the same _____ drink: for they drank of that _____ that followed them: and that _____ was _____" (1 Cor 10:4).
7. The Lord Jesus told the Samaritan woman that He could give her _____ (See John 4:10).
8. Look up Isaiah 40:25, and circle the statement or statements which are true:
 - a. God can be likened to a creature.
 - b. The devil lied when he said that man would become like God.
 - c. We insult God when we try to make an image of Him, for we make Him equal with the creature.
9. Look up *WLC* 109 and Q. 97 of the Heidelberg Catechism, and answer the following:
 - a. T / F — God cannot and may not be represented by any images.
 - b. T / F — We may represent creatures by means of images.
 - c. T / F — We may not make a representation of a creature in order to worship it.
10. Paul says in Ephesians 2:8, 9, that we are saved by _____ through _____; and that faith is of _____, it is a _____ of God, lest any man should _____.

Lesson 12

Israel Receives the Law

1. T / F — We are prone to hate God and our neighbour (see Rom 8:7 and Tit 3:3).
2. Look up Exodus 19:16-19, and then circle those signs which took place at Mount Sinai: a. earthquake b. thunder c. smoke d. thick cloud
e. sound of trumpet f. lightning g. fire h. hail
3. The apostle Paul says in Romans 7:7, "...for I had not known _____, except the _____ had said, Thou shalt not _____."
4. *FITB*: "Christ hath _____ us from the _____ of the _____, being made a _____ for us: for it is written, _____ is every one that _____ on a _____" (Gal 3:13).
5. According to Galatians 3:24, the law was Israel's _____ to bring them to _____.
6. Read Isaiah 53:6, and then finish the following sentences:
 - a. Isaiah likens us here to _____.
 - b. We have turned every one to _____.
 - c. The Lord hath laid on Christ the _____.
7. From Article 3 of the 2nd Head of Doctrine of the Canons of Dort, complete this statement: "The death of the _____ is the _____ and most _____ sacrifice and _____ for _____ and is of infinite _____ and _____, abundantly sufficient to expiate the _____ of the whole _____."
8. *FITB*: "Then a _____ covered the _____ of the congregation, and the _____ of the _____ filled the _____" (Ex 40:34).
9. Read Leviticus 16:15, and then complete these sentences:
 - a. The priest must kill the _____.
 - b. He must bring its blood _____.
 - c. He must sprinkle that blood upon and before _____.
10. Look up Hebrews 9:11, and then fill in the following sentences:
 - a. Christ is come as an high priest of _____.
 - b. His tabernacle is _____ and more _____.
 - c. His tabernacle is not _____ with _____.

Lesson 13

The Church in the Wilderness

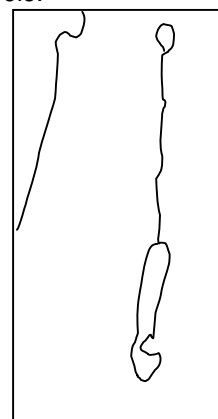
1. Fill in these words of the unbelieving spies as found in Numbers 13:28, "Nevertheless the people be _____ that dwell in the land, and the cities are _____, and very _____: and moreover we saw the children of _____ there."
2. Look up Numbers 13:33, and fill in the following sentences:
 - a. The sons of Anak were _____.
 - b. The Israelites were in the sight of these men (and in their own sight) as _____.
3. Joshua and Caleb expressed their faith by saying, "If the LORD _____ in us, then he will _____ us into this land, and _____ it us" (Num 14:8).
4. *FITB*: "Through _____ we shall do _____: for he it is that shall _____ down our _____" (Ps 60:12).
5. Hebrews 3:19 says that the Israelites could not enter the land because of _____. And Hebrews 11:33 and 34 teach that by _____ God's people stopped the mouths of _____, quenched the violence of _____, escaped the edge of the _____, turned to flight the _____ of the _____.
6. Look up John 3:14, 15, and finish these sentences:
 - a. The Lord Jesus called Himself here the _____.
 - b. He states that He must be _____.
 - c. The picture of His being lifted up was seen in the wilderness when Moses _____ up the _____.
7. *FITB*: "And I have led you _____ years in the wilderness: your _____ are not waxen _____ upon you, and thy _____ is not waxen _____ upon thy _____" (Deut 29:5).
8. From Numbers 16:3, fill in the following statement of Korah, Dathan, and Abiram: "Ye take _____ upon you, seeing all the congregation are _____, every one of them, and the LORD is _____ them: wherefore then _____ ye up yourselves _____ the congregation of the LORD?"
9. From Numbers 16:31-33, we learn that God punished them by causing the ground beneath them to split _____ to _____ them, and all that belonged to them, and all the _____ who were with them. These men and their families went down _____ into the pit.

Lesson 14

Israel Enters the Promised Land

1. T / F — Before he struck the rock, Moses called the people of God 'rebels.'

2. Moses died in the land of Moab (See Deut 34:5, 6). Indicate on the map provided,—Canaan with a 'C', the Jordan with 'JR', the Dead Sea with a 'DS', and the Mediterranean sea with a 'MS', and Moab with an 'M'



'DS', the

3. Look up Hebrews 8:6, and finish these sentences:

a. Christ has obtained a _____ excellent _____.

b. He is the _____ of a better _____.

c. His covenant is established upon _____.

4. Did the waters of Jordan part before or after the priests stepped into the waters?

_____ (See Joshua 3:13-16).

5. Look up Numbers 32:33, and write out the names of the tribes that received land east of the Jordan river: _____ . Which of these tribes also had land on the west side of the Jordan river? _____ .

6. a. *FITB*: "By _____ the harlot _____ perished not with them that _____, when she had received the _____ with _____" (Heb 11:31).

b. She revealed her faith by (circle the correct answer):

i. Receiving these spies with peace.

ii. Lying about these spies.

7. Read Galatians 3:14, and finish these sentences:

a. The blessing of Abraham came upon the _____

b. This blessing comes through _____.

c. We receive the promise of the Spirit through _____.

8. *FITB*: "Now therefore _____ the LORD, and _____ him in _____ and in _____: and put away the _____ which your fathers served on the other side of the flood, and in Egypt; and _____ ye the _____" (Jos 24:14).

9. T / F — The Levites were not given a portion of the promised land, but instead they were given cities to dwell in (see Joshua 21:8).

9. T / F — The Levites were not given a portion of the promised land, but instead they were given cities to dwell in (see Joshua 21:8).

Lesson 15

Israel Sins in the Promised Land

- FITB*: “_____ up a _____ in the _____ he should go: and when he is _____, he will not _____ from it” (Prov 22:6).
- Look up Exodus 20:5, and then indicate whether these sentences are true or false:
 - T / F — God calls Himself a jealous God.
 - T / F — He says that He will overlook the sins of those who make idols to worship.
 - T / F — He declares that those who bow down to graven images are those that hate Him.
- Soon after Joshua died the Israelites “_____ the _____, and served _____ and _____” (Jdg 2:13).
- Look up Judges 3:9, and then finish these sentences:
 - The first judge that Israel had was _____.
 - He was the son of _____, the younger brother of _____.
- Fill in the missing words of Jonathan’s speech as found in 1 Samuel 14:6, “...it may be that the _____ will _____ for us: for there is no _____ to the LORD to _____ by _____ or by _____” (1 Sam 14:6).
- The Israelites wanted a king for three reasons. Look up 1 Samuel 8:20, and list them below:
 - That they might be like _____.
 - That their king might _____.
 - That he might _____.
- Gideon and his men cried, “The _____ of the _____, and of _____” (Judges 7:20).
- FITB*: “And the _____ of the _____ was _____ [i.e. scarce] in those days; there was no open _____” (1 Sam 3:1).
- Look up 1 Samuel 8:7. When Israel wanted a king, Israel rejected _____ from being their king. They did not want God to _____ over them.

Lesson 16

Israel Inherits All the Promised Land

1. Look up 1 Samuel 18:10-12 and fill in the blanks: God _____ from Saul and an _____ spirit from _____ came upon him.
2. Samuel said to Saul, "...Because thou hast _____ the _____ of the _____, he hath also _____ thee from being _____" (1 Sam 15:23).
3. a. *FITB*: Unto Abraham God said, "In the same day the LORD made a covenant with Abram, saying, Unto thy _____ have I given this _____, from the river of _____ unto the great river, the river _____" (Gen 15:18). The distance between the River Nile and the River Euphrates is about _____ km (look up in a map).
b. T / F — David and Solomon reigned over all this land (see 2 Sam 8:3 and 1 Kgs 8:65)
4. *FITB*: "For they got _____ the land in possession by their own _____, neither did their own _____ save them: but thy _____, and thine _____, and the light of _____ countenance, because thou hadst a _____ unto them" (Ps 44:3).
5. The idea of the theocracy (a nation ruled by the Lord) is expressed in Psalm 99:1. The text states:
 - a. That the Lord _____.
 - b. He sits upon His throne between the _____.
 - c. These cherubim were on the two ends of the _____ which covers the _____ (See Ex 25:18, 21).
6. *FITB*: "For the LORD hath chosen _____; he hath desired it for his _____" (Ps 132:13).
7. Solomon's riches and glory are described in 1 Kings 10:21: (a) His drinking vessels were of _____; (b) all the vessels of the house of the forest of Lebanon were of _____; (c) Silver was _____ accounted (i.e. it was too cheap) of in the days of Solomon
8. *FITB*: Solomon says: "But now the LORD my God hath given me _____ on _____ side, so that there is neither _____ nor _____ occurrent" (1 Kgs 5:4).
9. The conquest of all the land that God promised to Abraham was the third great victory for the Church. Look up Lessons 4 and 10 and list the other two great victories: (i) _____ in the _____; (ii) _____ through the _____.

Lesson 17

The Division of the Kingdom

1. Of Abraham we read in Hebrews 11:10, "For he looked for a _____ which hath _____, whose _____ and _____ is _____" (Heb 11:10).
2. *FITB*: "And he carried me away in the spirit to a _____ and _____ mountain, and shewed me that great _____, the _____, descending out of heaven from God, 11 Having the _____ of God: and her light was like unto a _____..." (Rev 21:10, 11).
3. *FITB*: "And the twelve gates were twelve _____; every several gate was of one _____: and the street of the city was pure _____, as it were transparent _____" (Rev 21:21).
4. Look up 1 Kings 11:12. It was for _____'s sake that God did not rend the kingdom out of Solomon's hand.
5. Read 1 Kings 12:4, and then finish these sentences:
 - a. Solomon's yoke was _____.
 - b. The people asked that it might be made _____.
 - c. They promised to _____ Rehoboam if this is done.
6. *FITB*: "Servants, be _____ to your _____ with all _____; not only to the _____ and _____, but also to the _____" (1 Pet 2:18).
7. Look up *WLC* 127, and then indicate whether these statements are true or false:
 - a. T / F — We must love, honour and obey all those who are in authority over us.
 - b. T / F — We do not need to bear patiently with the weaknesses and infirmities of those who rule us.
 - c. T / F — The ten tribes kept the fifth commandment when they refused to obey Rehoboam.
8. *FITB*: "Thus saith the LORD, Ye shall _____ go up, nor fight against your _____: return every man to his _____: for this thing is done of _____" (2 Chr 11:4).
9. T / F — Jeroboam was an enemy of king Solomon before Rehoboam became king (see 1 Kgs 11:26).
10. *FITB*: "What _____ have we in _____? neither have we _____ in the son of _____: to your tents, O Israel: now see to thine own house, _____. So Israel _____ unto their tents" (1 Kgs 12:16).

Lesson 18

The kingdom of Israel Turns to Idolatry

1. “Jeroboam _____ Israel from _____ the LORD, and made them sin a great _____” (2 Kgs 17:21). “... he made an house of high places, and made priests of the _____, which were not of the sons of _____” (1 Kgs 12:31).
2. Look up 2 Kings 17:7-11, and then fill in the blanks:
 - a. The Kingdom of Israel walked in the statutes of the _____.
 - b. They built _____ in all their cities and set themselves up _____ and _____ in every high hill and under every green tree.
 - c. They burnt incense in all the high places as did the _____.
3. Read 1 Kings 16:32- 33, and then fill in the blanks:
 - (a) _____ was one of the most wicked king in Israel. (b) He introduced _____ worship to Israel.
 - (c) He reared up an _____ for _____ and made a _____.
4. The number of people who had not _____ down to Baal or _____ him was _____ (1 Kings 19:18).
5. “And Elijah came unto all the people, and said, How long _____ ye between two _____? if the LORD be God, _____: but if Baal, then _____” (1 Kgs 18:21).
6. T / F —All those who are born in Israel are the true Israel of God (see Rom 9:6).
7. Israel was carried away captive by the _____. They were carried away into _____ (2 Kgs 17:6).
8. “And so it was at the beginning of their [the Samaritans] _____ there, that they feared _____ the LORD: therefore the LORD sent _____ among them, which _____ some of _____” (2 Kgs 17:25).
9. Fill in these sentences concerning the Samaritans:
 - a. Every nation made them _____ of their own, and put them in the _____ of the high places (2 Kings 17:29).
 - b. The Jews had no _____ with the Samaritans in the Lord Jesus’ day (John 4:9).
 - c. Before the Lord Jesus ascended up to heaven, He told His disciples that they would be witnesses of Him in all Judea, and in _____, and unto the uttermost part of the earth (Acts 1:8).

Lesson 19

The Kingdom of Judah Departs from God

1. Read Matthew 22:14, and then indicate if the statements below that are true or false:
 - a. T / F — All those called by God are His chosen people.
 - b. T / F — More are called by God than are chosen by God unto salvation.
2. “And Judah did _____ in the sight of the _____, and they _____ him to jealousy with their _____ which they had committed, _____ all that their fathers had done” (1 Kgs 14:22).
3. “Asa did that which was _____ and _____ in the eyes of the LORD his God” (2 Chr 14:2).
4. Read 2 Chronicles 21:5-6, and then finish these sentences: (a) Jehoram’s wife was _____ . (b) Jehoram wrought that which was _____ .
5. Read 2 Chronicles 24:8, 9, and fill in the following: (a) At King Joash’s command they made a _____ . (b) They set it _____ the gate of the _____ . (c) They made a proclamation to bring in to the Lord the _____ that _____ the servant of God had laid upon Israel in the _____ .
6. Of Ahaz, we read in 2 Chronicles 28:2, that he walked in the ways of the _____ and made also made _____ for _____ .
7. Read 2 Chronicles 30:1, and indicate whether these sentences are true or false:
 - a. T / F — Hezekiah did not send letters to the Kingdom of Israel to invite them to the passover.
 - b. T / F — Hezekiah sent letters to Ephraim and Manasseh telling them to come to his passover.
 - c. T / F — Ephraim and Manasseh belonged to the Kingdom of Judah.
8. Look up 2 Chronicles 30:18, and write the names of the tribes that came to Hezekiah’s passover from the North: _____ .
9. “So _____ made _____ and the inhabitants of _____ to _____, and to do _____ than the _____, whom the LORD had destroyed before the children of _____” (2 Chr 33:9).
10. “But thou, _____, though thou be _____ among the thousands of _____, yet out of thee shall he come forth unto me that is to be _____ in Israel; whose goings forth have been from of _____, from _____” (Micah 5:2). This is the prophecy of the place of the birth of the _____ .

Lesson 20

Judah is Taken Captive

1. The Kingdom of Judah was taken into captivity when _____ was king of Judah (2 Kgs 24:20).
2. "And the _____ of _____ that were in the _____ of the _____, and the _____, and the _____ that was in the house of the LORD, did the _____ break in pieces, and carried the _____ of them to _____" (2 Kgs 25:13).
3. "For whom the Lord _____ he _____, and _____ every _____ whom he _____" (Heb 12:6).
4. Read Hebrews 11:16, and then finish these sentences:
 - a. The kind of country that Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob sought was a _____ country.
 - b. This country is _____ than Caanan.
 - c. God had prepared that better _____ for them.
5. Daniel and his three friends were all from the tribe of _____ (Dan 1:6). From this tribe came all the kingdom of Judah's: [*underline the correct one*] a. Prophets, b. Priests, c. Kings, d. Scribes.
6. "We hanged our _____ upon the _____ in the midst thereof. 3 For there they that carried us away _____ required of us a _____; and they that wasted us required of us _____, saying, _____ us one of the _____ of _____" (Ps 137:2-3).
7. In Hebrews 8:2, we read:
 - a. That the Lord Jesus was the _____ of the sanctuary.
 - b. This sanctuary is called the true _____.
 - c. This sanctuary was pitched by the _____.
8. "And I John saw the _____, _____, coming down from _____ out of _____, prepared as a _____ adorned for her _____" (Rev 21:2).
9. Look up 2 Kings 25:9. The houses which Nebuchadnezzar had burned were: (a) The house of the _____; (b) The _____'s house; (c) _____ the houses of _____; and (d) Every _____'s house.

Lesson 21

God's Mercy Upon the Captives

1. In Daniel 2:32, 33, we read of Nebuchadnezzar's image. Its head was of _____. Its breast and arms were of _____. Its belly and thighs were of _____. Its legs were of _____ and its feet were part of _____ and part of _____.
2. *FITB*: "Thou sawest till that a _____ was cut out without _____, which _____ the _____ upon his _____ that were of _____ and _____, and brake them to _____" (Dan 2:34).
3. Look up Daniel 2:44, and fill in the blanks: (a) God will set up a kingdom that will _____. (b) It shall not be _____, but will rather _____ the kingdoms before. (c) It shall stand _____.
4. The fourth man that Nebuchadnezzar saw walking in the fiery furnace looked like the _____ (Daniel 3:25). In the New Testament, the _____ is called the _____ (Mt 8:20) and the _____ (Mt 14:30)
5. *FITB*: "In the same hour came forth _____ of a man's hand, and _____ over against the _____ upon the plaister of the _____ of the king's _____: and the king saw the part of the _____ that _____" (Daniel 5:5).
6. T / F — Daniel said that God sent an angel to shut the mouths of the lions (Dan 6:22).
7. The king who let the people go back to the land of Canaan was _____ (Ezra 1:1-3). In Isaiah 45:4, we read the following concerning him:
 - a. God called him by his name for the sake of _____.
 - b. God surnamed him even though he did not _____.
 - c. This all happened before Cyrus was born. Therefore it shows that: *[circle the statement that is true]*
 - i. God determines all things that shall happen.
 - ii. God does not plan all the details of our lives.
8. The number of those who went back to Canaan was _____ (Ezra 2:64).
9. The number of the servants that went back with them was _____ (Ezra 2:65). The total number was therefore _____.
10. T / F — Cyrus gave the Jews the vessels of the house of the Lord, which Nebuchadnezzar had taken from Jerusalem, to take back to Canaan. (Ezr 1:7, 8).

Lesson 22

Israel Back in Canaan

1. *FITB*: “And they burnt _____, and brake down the _____ of _____, and burnt all the _____ thereof with fire, and destroyed all the _____ thereof” (2 Chr 36:19).
2. God commanded Moses to build the tabernacle with these words: “Let them make me a sanctuary; that I may _____ among them” (Ex 25:8). And in Exodus 29:45, God says, “I will _____ among the children of _____, and will be their _____” (Ex 29:45).
3. Look up Psalm 122:1-4, and then finish these sentences: (a) The temple of God is called here the _____. (b) The people of God are _____ when men say unto them, Let us go into the house of the LORD. (c) The Israelites went there to give _____.
4. Look up Hebrews 10:4, 10, and indicate whether these statements are true or false:
 - a. T / F — The blood of bulls and goats took away the sins of the Israelites in the OT times.
 - b. T / F — We are saved through the sacrifice of the body of the Lord Jesus Christ.
 - c. T / F — The Lord Jesus was offered up, not in the temple, but on the cross.
5. Paul writes in Ephesians 2:21-22, “In whom [i.e. in Christ] all the _____ [i.e. His Church] fitly framed together groweth unto an _____ in the Lord: In whom ye also are builded together for an _____ of God through the _____” (Eph 2:21-22).
6. Look up Ezra 3:11-13, and indicate whether these statements are true or false:
 - a. T / F — Some of the people shouted out loud when they saw the temple’s foundation.
 - b. T / F — Those who shouted aloud did so for joy.
 - c. T / F — Those who were weeping did not want the temple to be built again in Jerusalem.
7. *FITB*: “Nevertheless my _____ will I not utterly take from him, nor suffer my _____ to _____” (Psalm 89:33).
8. T / F — The Lord Jesus came to set us free because we are in captivity of sin (see Lk 4:18).
9. This is the fourth great deliverance that God gave to His Church. List the other three after referring to Lessons 4, 10, and 16.
 - i. Deliverance from the Great _____
 - ii. Deliverance from E_____
 - iii. Deliverance from W_____ and W_____

Lesson 23

God Protects His Covenant People

1. Look through the book of Esther quickly. Try to look for the names of God, then indicate if the following statements are true or false:
 - a. T / F — The name of God does not appear in the book at all.
 - b. T / F — This means that God had forsaken his people.
2. King Ahasuerus divorced his wife Vashti, because she did not obey his command. See Esther 1:15, 19. Now look up Matthew 19:1-9, and indicate whether these statements are true or false:
 - a. T / F — It is always sinful for a man to divorce his wife.
 - b. T / F — A man who divorces his wife just because she disobeys him sins against God.
 - c. T / F — King Ahasuerus sinned by divorcing his wife.
3. The king's servants wanted to look for a wife for the king. They gathered the maidens and after preparing them, presented them to the king one by one in a kind of beauty contest. The maiden who pleased the king most, would become his queen. Read Esther 2:2-3 and 8, then indicate if the following statements are true or false:
 - a. T / F — Esther went to Shushan the palace voluntarily because she wanted to be the queen.
 - b. T / F — We may enter beauty contests to get the praise of men or to win some prizes.
 - c. T / F — We can sometimes be forced to do things against our will.
 - d. T / F — We must not judge Esther too harshly, but she sinned by not refusing to go to marry the king, who was both wicked and unlawfully divorced (see Mt 19:9).
4. Read Daniel 1:8-16, then indicate if the following are true or false:
 - a. T / F — Daniel and his friends set a better example than Esther.
 - b. T / F — Esther's actions prove that she was an unbeliever.
 - c. T / F — We can thank God for Esther, but we should rather follow the example of Daniel (see also Ps 137:5).
5. Haman wanted to destroy the Israelites. According to Esther 3:8, he says of the Israelites that: (a) Their laws were _____ from those of all other people. (b) They keep not the _____ laws. (c) It is not to the king's _____ to let them live.
6. Despite the compromises of the people, God protected them. Look up the verses indicated to see if the following statements are true or false:
 - a. T / F — Mordecai had to show the honour and delight of the king to Haman on the streets of the city (see Esth 6:11)
 - b. T / F — Haman was hanged on his own gallows which he built to hang Mordecai (see Esth 7:10).
7. Psalm 7:15-16 declares: "He made a _____, and _____ it, and is _____ into the _____ which he _____. His _____ shall _____ upon his _____ head...".
8. Psalms 76:10 declares: "Surely the _____ of man shall _____ thee: the remainder of wrath shalt thou _____."

Lesson 24

Sin Shows itself again in Canaan

1. In Ezra 7:6, we read of Ezra: "This Ezra went up from _____; and he was a ready _____ in the _____ of _____, which the LORD God of _____ had given..." (Ezra 7:6). Nehemiah, on the other hand, says of himself in Nehemiah 1:11, "I was the king's _____."
2. The Israelites bought and sold on the Sabbath (Neh 13:15-18). In doing so they broke the _____ Commandment of God. This commandment says that we must keep the Sabbath day _____ (See Exodus 20 for the Ten Commandments).
3. Solomon married heathen wives. In 1 Kings 11:4-6, we read that these heathen wives turned _____.
4. In Nehemiah 13:28, Nehemiah refers to "one of the sons of Joiada, the son of Eliashib the _____, [who] was _____ to Sanballat the _____." In Nehemiah 6:1, Sanballat is called one of the _____ of Israel.
5. Haggai rebukes the Israelites who did not rebuild God's temple with these words: "Is it time for you, O ye, to dwell in your _____, and this _____ [i.e. the temple] lie _____" (Haggai 1:4).
6. In Malachi 3:8, we read: "Will a man _____ God? Yet ye have robbed _____. But ye say, Wherein have we _____ thee? In _____ and _____." And in Malachi 1:13, we read that the Israelites brought for offerings that which was _____ and the _____, and the _____.
7. In Romans 9:16, Paul says, "So then it is not of him that _____, nor of him that _____, but of God that sheweth _____" (Rom 9:16).
8. In 1 Thessalonians 5:24 and Hebrews 10:23, we read of the same virtue of God. We read in both places that He is _____.
9. Read Malachi 3:6, then indicate whether the following statements are true or false:
 - a. T / F — Because God does not change, His people will surely be saved.
 - b. T / F — A God who loves the wicked in this life and hates them in the life to come is a changeable God.
 - c. T / F — We can make God change His mind by refusing to believe in Christ.
10. Read the words of the apostle Paul in 2 Corinthians 5:21, and fill in the blanks: (a) God made the Lord Jesus to be _____. (b) The Lord Jesus, _____ no _____. (c) God made Him to be sin so that we might be made the righteousness of God in Him.

Lesson 25

The Preparation for the Coming of Christ

1. Look up the verse indicated and fill in the blanks: (a) It was the Lord's practice to go into the _____ on the _____ (Lk 4:16; 6:6). (b) He went into the synagogue to _____ and to _____ the _____ (cf. Mt 9:35).
2. According to Acts 1:8, the Lord Jesus told His disciples that they would be witnesses of Him both in both in _____, and in all _____, and in _____, and unto the _____ part of the _____.
3. The people who were in Jerusalem at the time of the pouring out of the Spirit were "_____, and _____, and _____, and the dwellers in _____, and in _____, and _____, in _____, and _____, _____, and _____, in _____, and in the parts of _____ about _____, and strangers of _____, _____ and _____" (Acts 2:9-10).
4. In Genesis 49:10, we read, "The _____ shall not _____ from _____, nor a _____ from between his feet, until _____ come; and unto _____ shall the _____ of the people be" (Gen 49:10).
5. Paul writes in Romans 1:3, that the Lord Jesus was "made of the seed of _____ according to the _____." The angel tells Mary that God will give her son the throne of his _____ (Luke 1:32).
6. Look up Revelation 11:15. The angel sounds his trumpet, and great voices in heaven say: (a) The kingdoms of this world are become the kingdoms of our _____ and of his _____. (b) He shall reign _____.
7. Look up Romans 16:20, and fill in this verse: "And the God of _____ shall _____ under your _____ shortly" (Rom 16:20). Test your memory. In which lesson did we first learn of this bruising of Satan's head. Quote the verse:
"

_____" (_____:____).
8. The everlasting rest of Christ's kingdom is pictured to us in Revelation 21:4. There we read: "And God shall _____ away all _____ from their eyes; and there shall be no more _____, neither _____, nor _____, neither shall there be any more _____: for the _____ things are passed _____" (Rev 21:4).
9. In this catechism book, we have learned how that God always gives the victory to His _____. We do not deserve this victory, but God gives it to us in His _____. And the seed of the woman, through whom He gives us the victory over Satan and sin is the _____.